## **Body Repairs - Water Leaks - Water Leak**

Diagnosis and Testing

## **Inspection and Verification**

- 1. **1.** Verify the customer concern.
- 2. **2.** Visually inspect for obvious signs of mechanical or electrical damage.
- 3. **3.** If an obvious cause for an observed or reported concern is found, correct the cause (if possible) before proceeding to the next step.
- 4. 4. If the cause is not visually evident, verify the symptom and refer to the Symptom Chart.

## **Water Leak Diagnostic Procedure**

#### Introduction

This procedure has been developed to aid diagnosis and rectification of water ingress on Defender vehicles with the aim of providing a **right first time fix**.

The procedure provides suggested points of water ingress and guidelines for a recommended fix.

#### Prerequisites

It is assumed the technician working on the vehicle will be at least **level 3 trained** and normal vehicle service protection equipment will be used where appropriate i.e. seat covers, wing covers etc.

Water Leak Diagnosis

There are certain basic tools required for effective water leak detection the following are a few recommendations.

Basic tools		
Hosepipe		
Water supply		
Pressure Washer		
Watering Can		
Torch		
Mirror (telescopic type)		
Air supply		
Boning tool (Nylon shaped block for trim removal)		

There are several adaptations of tools that can be used, for example a watering can rose attached to a hosepipe to create a spray, or a new sealant tube nozzle attached to a hosepipe can be very effective to direct water into awkward corners, there are also several ready made hosepipe nozzles available from DIY stores which can be switched through several different water patterns, and finally not forgetting a normal car wash. With the exception of a car wash initial diagnosis is more accurate if carried out by **two people**, one inside and one outside the vehicle, the person outside can direct the water onto the areas where the leak is suspected to be entering, and the person inside can inspect with a 12 volt hand lamp to confirm the entry point.

It is worth bearing in mind that the location that the water appears in the interior of the vehicle, may not be the leak source, for example water lying in the passenger footwell could be entering on the drivers side and running across, behind the fascia. In order to find the water entry point, trim or components may have to be removed.

#### Staining

Often when water has been entering over a period of time, the water entry point can be located visually by following the stains or tracks left by the leak.

Sealing Water Leaks

There are different substances that can be used to seal water leaks, putty type sealant and wet/paste sealant. Examples of these are bostic (dum-dum) "303 glasticon" and "betafill 10210" which is a white paste and "terostat 33" which is clear.

• NOTE: Do not use silicon based sealers as these will cause problems if any subsequent paint operations are required.

Careful consideration needs be given as to the substance used to seal a water leak, for example an external seam on a white vehicle would require white or clear sealant, dum-dum is best used in concealed places to fill larger gaps. The sealant should be applied in a manner that it does not look unsightly when finished, if used in a box section or under a carpet, applying and smoothing over should be ok, but on the external panels or visible areas the sealant should be "wiped" into the gap and any excess removed with a suitable spirit that will not harm the vehicles paintwork

Once the water entry point has been confirmed, the suspect area must be sufficiently dried prior to the application of any sealing compound the use of a compressed air will assist

## **Symptom Chart**

#### Water Ingress Paths And Recommended Repair Procedure

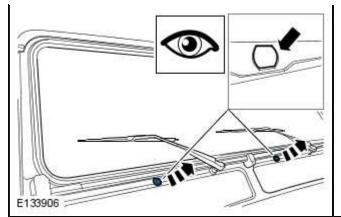
• NOTE: Carry out a water leak test and visual inspection of any suspect or wet areas once the water entry point has been determined refer to the symptom chart below.

	Possible Water Entry Action - To Be Carried Out Once The		
Symptom - Water Collecting	Points	Water Entry Point Has Been Confirmed	
In footwell (entry point - front area)	Heater cable grommet     Wiper grommet     Windscreen seal     Footwell seams     Floor seams     Hood release grommet     Pedal box grommet     Blower box     Air intake duct to blower join     Air intake     Clutch/brake pedal box     Windscreen surround frame	<ul> <li>For heater cable grommet GO to Pinpoint Test A.</li> <li>For wiper grommet GO to Pinpoint Test B.</li> <li>For windscreen seal GO to Pinpoint Test C.</li> <li>For footwell seams GO to Pinpoint Test D.</li> <li>For floor seams GO to Pinpoint Test E.</li> <li>For hood release grommet GO to Pinpoint Test F.</li> <li>For pedal box grommet GO to Pinpoint Test G.</li> <li>For blower box GO to Pinpoint Test I.</li> <li>Air intake duct to blower join GO to Pinpoint Test H.</li> <li>For air intake GO to Pinpoint Test J.</li> <li>For clutch/brake pedal box GO to Pinpoint Test J.</li> <li>For windscreen surround frame GO to Pinpoint Test L.</li> </ul>	
In footwell (entry point - front door area)	<ul> <li>Door seal</li> <li>Water shedder</li> <li>Door latch/door edge</li> <li>Rear tub capping</li> <li>Upper to lower body joint (waist side)</li> <li>Roof to "A" post joint</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>For door seal GO to Pinpoint Test M.</li> <li>For water shedder GO to Pinpoint Test N.</li> <li>For door latch/door edge GO to Pinpoint Test O.</li> <li>For rear tub capping GO to Pinpoint Test P.</li> <li>For upper to lower body joint (waist side) GO to Pinpoint Test Q.</li> <li>For roof to "A" post joint GO to Pinpoint Test R.</li> </ul>	
In footwell (entry point - rear door area)	<ul> <li>Door seal</li> <li>Water shedder</li> <li>Door latch/door edge</li> <li>Rear tub capping</li> <li>Upper to lower body joint (waist side)</li> <li>Roof to upper body side joint</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>For door seal GO to Pinpoint Test M.</li> <li>For water shedder GO to Pinpoint Test N.</li> <li>For door latch/door edge GO to Pinpoint Test O.</li> <li>For rear tub capping GO to Pinpoint Test P.</li> <li>For upper to lower body joint (waist side)GO to Pinpoint Test Q.</li> <li>For roof to upper body side joint GO to Pinpoint Test S.</li> </ul>	
In footwell (entry point - A post area)	Door seal	For door seal GO to Pinpoint Test M.	

	<ul><li>Windscreen hinge</li><li>Main harness grommet</li><li>Air-con pipe grommet</li></ul>	<ul> <li>For windscreen hinge GO to Pinpoint         Test T.</li> <li>For main harness grommet GO to         Pinpoint Test U.</li> <li>For air-con pipe grommet GO to         Pinpoint Test V.</li> </ul>
In rear luggage compartment/seating area (entry point - lower body side/rear)	<ul><li>Rivets in body side</li><li>Tail lights/rear end capping</li></ul>	<ul> <li>For rivets in body side GO to Pinpoint         Test <u>W.</u></li> <li>For tail lights/rear end capping GO to         Pinpoint Test <u>X.</u></li> </ul>
In rear luggage compartment/seating area (entry point - upper body side/rear)	<ul> <li>Corners of upper body quarter panels</li> <li>Upper to lower body joint (waist rear)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Corners of upper body quarter panels         GO to Pinpoint Test Y.</li> <li>For waist seal rear (waist rear)GO to         Pinpoint Test Z.</li> </ul>
In rear luggage compartment/seating area (entry point - tail door)	<ul> <li>Rear end door</li> <li>Upper to lower body joint</li> <li>Roof to upper body joint</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Rear end doorGO to Pinpoint Test AA.</li> <li>For upper to lower body joint GO to Pinpoint Test Q.</li> <li>For roof to upper body joint GO to Pinpoint Test S.</li> </ul>
In rear luggage compartment/seating area (entry point - roof)	<ul> <li>Roof seam</li> <li>Alpine light's (if installed)</li> <li>Front corner seams</li> <li>Drain channel crack</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>For roof seam GO to Pinpoint Test AB.</li> <li>For alpine light's (if installed) GO to Pinpoint Test AC.</li> <li>For front corner seams GO to Pinpoint Test AD.</li> <li>For drain channel crack GO to Pinpoint Test AE.</li> </ul>

PINPOINT TEST A: HEATER CABLE GROMM	ET
TEST CONDITIONS	DETAILS/RESULTS/ACTIONS
A1: HEATER CABLE GROMMET	
E133905	Apply sealant around the outer edge of the grommet and onto the grommet to cable joint
	Materials required: sealant (clear/body coloured), gloves, spirit wipe, cloth
	3 Remove excess sealant from the body area
	Allow the sealant to cure, and retest suspect area for water entry
	Is water still entering the vehicle? Yes
	Carry out a water leak test and visual inspection of any suspect or wet areas, once the water entry point has been determined refer to the "Water Ingress Paths And Recommended Repair Procedure" above  No  Reinstall any trim/panels or component that have been displaced

PINPOINT TEST B : WINDSCREEN WIPER GROMMET		
TEST CONDITIONS	NDITIONS DETAILS/RESULTS/ACTIONS	
B1: WINDSCREEN WIPER GROMMET		
	Remove the grommets, check the grommet and hole	



apertures for abnormalities/distortion. Apply sealant to the outer edge of the grommet and reinstall

- Remove excess sealant from the body area
- Materials required: sealant (clear or black), gloves, spirit
- Allow the sealant to cure, and retest suspect area for water entry

Is water still entering the vehicle?

#### Yes

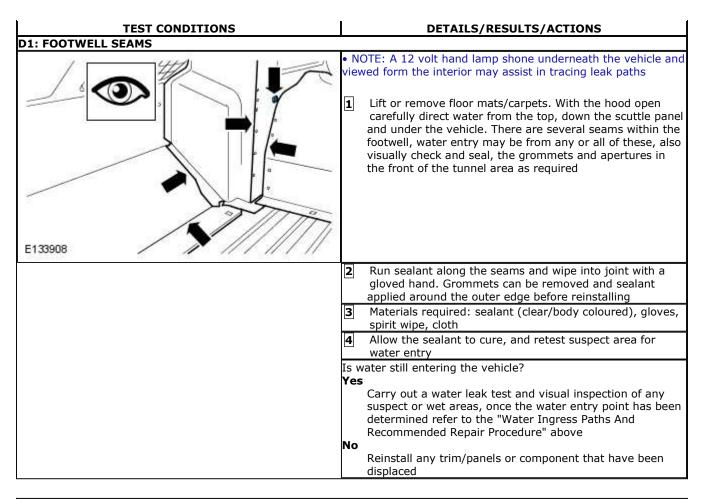
Carry out a water leak test and visual inspection of any suspect or wet areas, once the water entry point has been determined refer to the "Water Ingress Paths And Recommended Repair Procedure" above

No

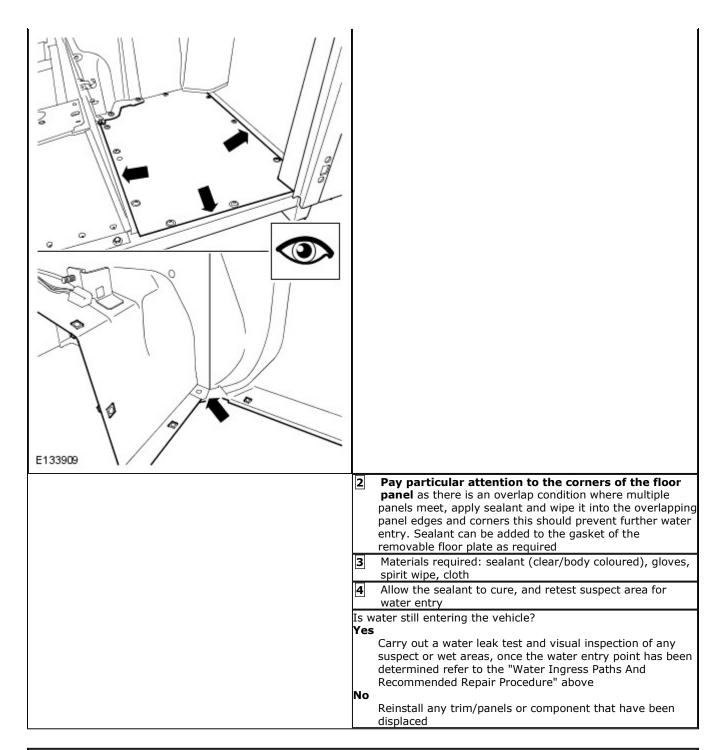
Reinstall any trim/panels or component that have been displaced

# PINPOINT TEST C : WINDSCREEN SEAL **TEST CONDITIONS DETAILS/RESULTS/ACTIONS** C1: WINDSCREEN SEAL Using a "boning" tool, lift the edge of windscreen seal and insert the sealant gun nozzle, apply a bead of sealant between the seal and outer frame E133907 Remove excess sealant from the body area Materials required: sealant (clear/body coloured), gloves, spirit wipe, cloth, "Boning" tool Allow the sealant to cure, and retest suspect area for water entry Is water still entering the vehicle? Yes Carry out a water leak test and visual inspection of any suspect or wet areas, once the water entry point has been determined refer to the "Water Ingress Paths And Recommended Repair Procedure" above No Reinstall any trim/panels or component that have been displaced

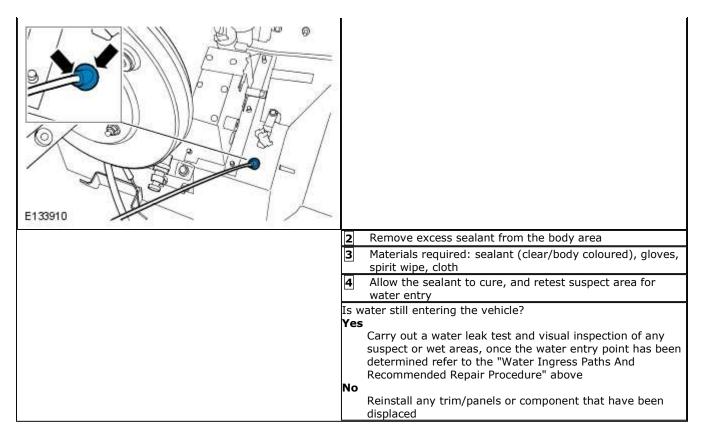
## PINPOINT TEST D : FOOTWELL SEAMS

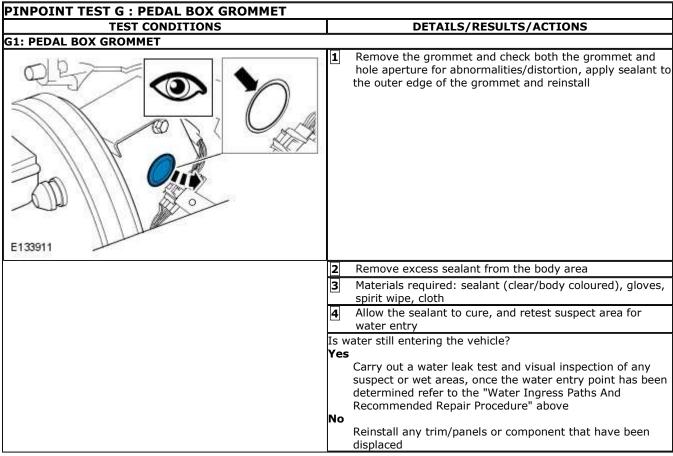


TEST CONDITIONS	DETAILS/RESULTS/ACTIONS
E1: FLOOR SEAMS	<u> </u>
<ul> <li>NOTE: The floor plate is secured using screws an</li> </ul>	d a foam construction gasket
NOTE: The floor plate is secured using screws an	Lift or remove floor mats/carpets. With the hood open carefully direct water from the top, down the scuttle panand under the vehicle



PINPOINT TEST F : HOOD RELEASE GROMMET	
TEST CONDITIONS	DETAILS/RESULTS/ACTIONS
F1: HOOD RELEASE GROMMET	
	Apply sealant around the outer edge of the grommet and onto the grommet to cable joint

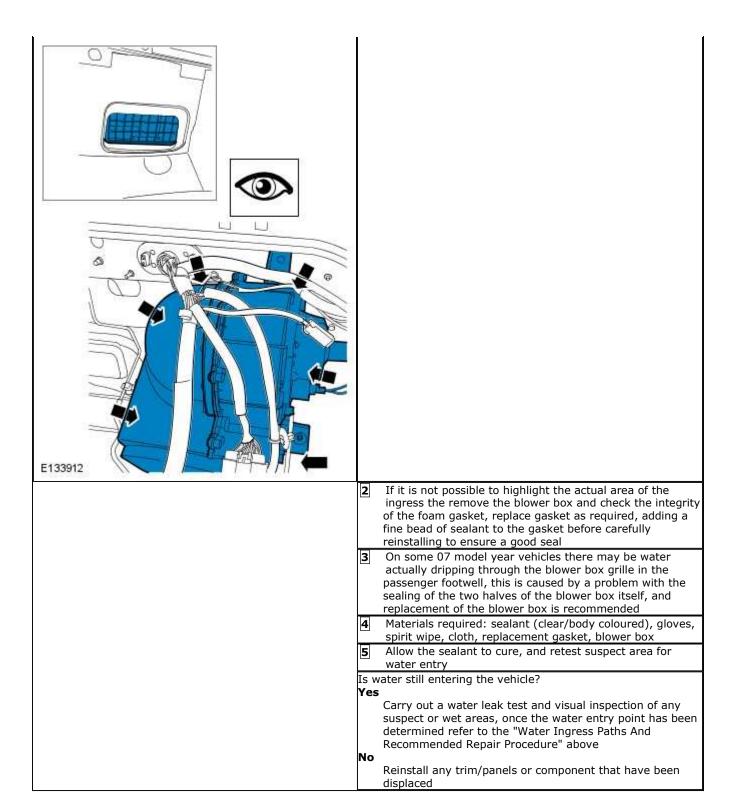




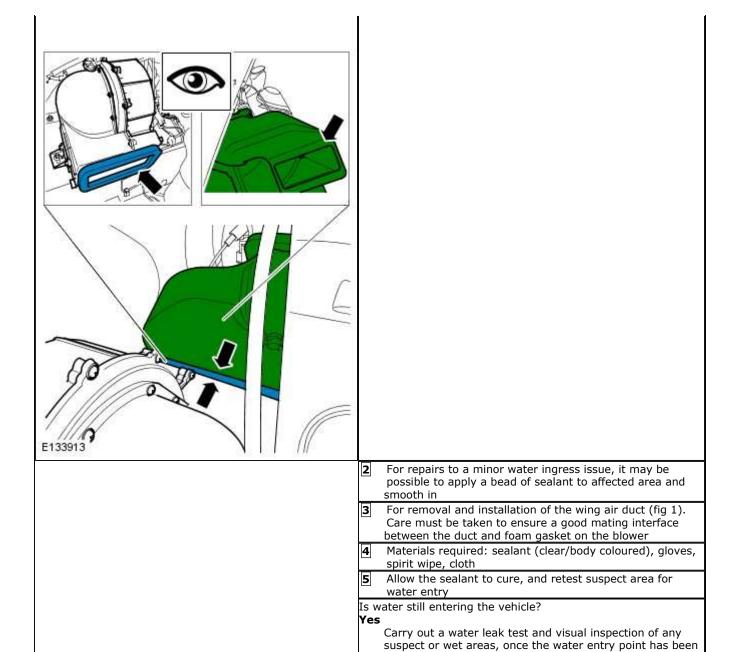
#### PINPOINT TEST H: AIR INTAKE DUCT TO BLOWER

TEST CONDITIONS	DETAILS/RESULTS/ACTIONS
H1: AIR INTAKE DUCT TO BLOWER	
<ul> <li>NOTE: The wing install process is to lower the wing into p foam seal attached to the blower box</li> </ul>	lace along the face of the scuttle panel, this can displace the
E134440	Check the condition and location of the foam gasket joint between the air intake duct, and the blower box installed to the scuttle panel
	If possible apply sealant to the aperture with the wing installed
	If it is not possible to seal the aperture with the wing installed, remove the wing to complete the repair
	Materials required: sealant (clear/body coloured), gloves, spirit wipe, cloth
	Allow the sealant to cure, and retest suspect area for water entry
	Is water citity  Yes  Carry out a water leak test and visual inspection of any suspect or wet areas, once the water entry point has been determined refer to the "Water Ingress Paths And Recommended Repair Procedure" above  No  Reinstall any trim/panels or component that have been displaced

PINPOINT TEST I : BLOWER BOX		
TEST CONDITIONS	DETAILS/RESULTS/ACTIONS	
I1: BLOWER BOX		
I1: BLOWER BOX	Direct water around the blower box, if a leak is found and it is possible to identify the particular area of the leak ther sealant can be applied to the seam where the blower box sits on the bulkhead and wiped in if possible	



PINPOINT TEST J : AIR INTAKE		
TEST CONDITIONS	DETAILS/RESULTS/ACTIONS	
J1: AIR INTAKE		
	Ensure that the interfaces shown in Fig 1 and Fig 2 are correctly made, no ripples or damage. Fig 3 indicates the 2 faces when installed	



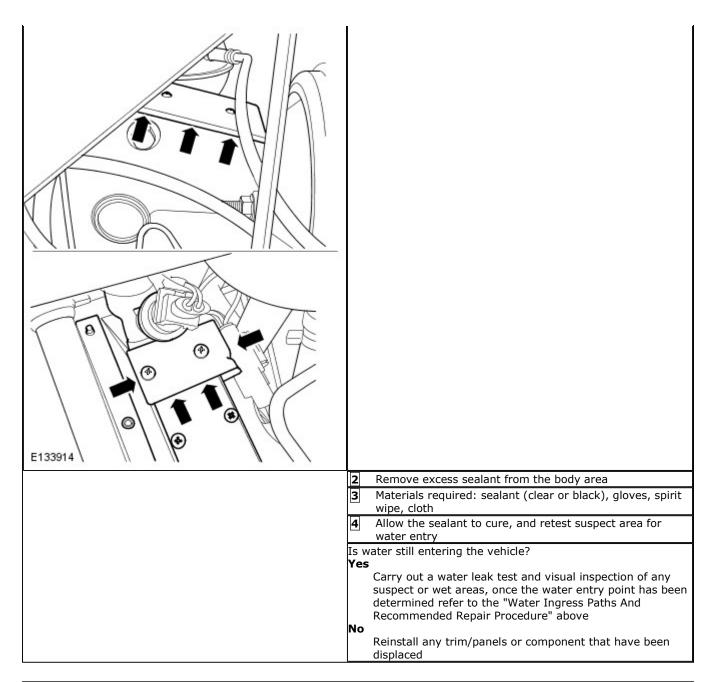
PINPOINT TEST K : CLUTCH/BRAKE PEDAL BOX	
TEST CONDITIONS	DETAILS/RESULTS/ACTIONS
K1: CLUTCH/BRAKE PEDAL BOX	
	Apply sealant around the pedal box seams, wipe sealant into seams

displaced

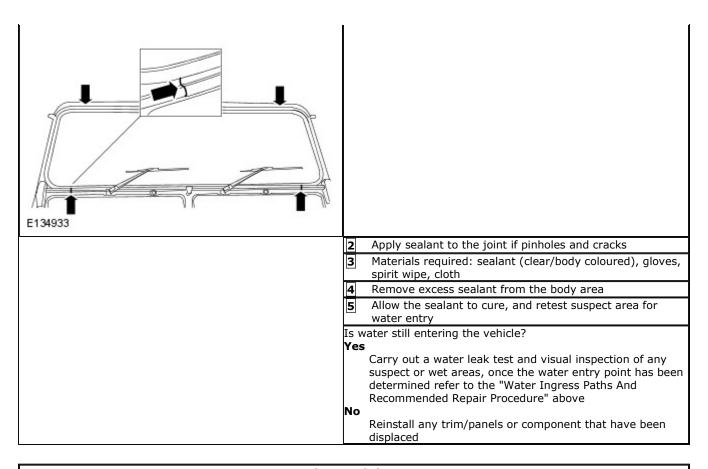
determined refer to the "Water Ingress Paths And

Reinstall any trim/panels or component that have been

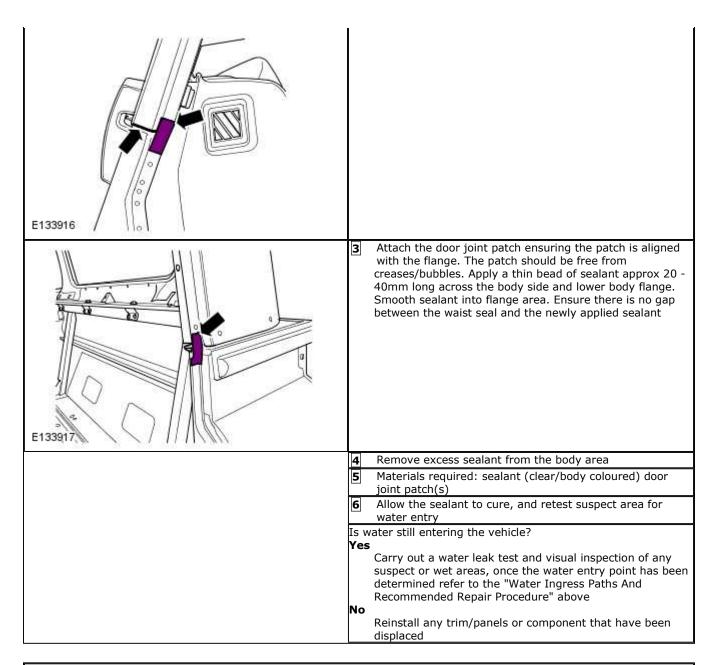
Recommended Repair Procedure" above



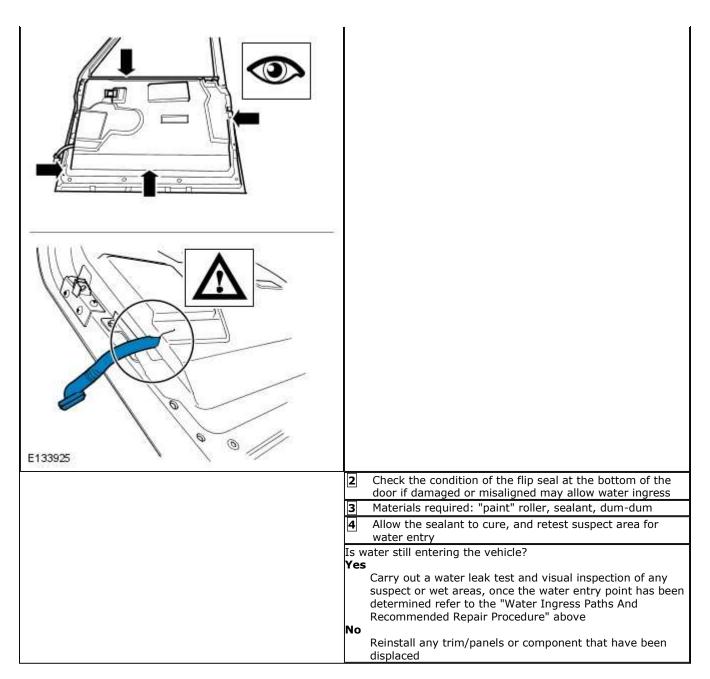
PINPOINT TEST L : WINDSCREEN SURROUND FRAME		
TEST CONDITIONS	DETAILS/RESULTS/ACTIONS	
L1: WINDSCREEN SURROUND FRAME		
	Visually inspect the joint condition between the side casting and the centre extrusion for pinholes and cracks at the top and bottom on both sides	



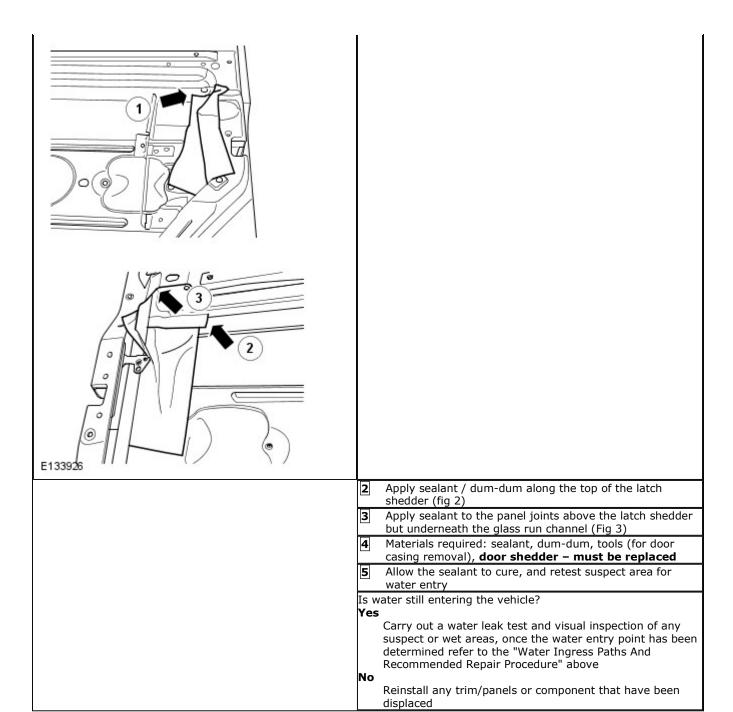
PINPOINT TEST M : DOOR APERTURE SEAL ( TEST CONDITIONS	DETAILS/RESULTS/ACTIONS
M1: DOOR APERTURE SEAL (PATCH'S)	DETAILS/ RESULTS/ ACTIONS
E133915	Install the "L" shaped door joint patch ensuring the apex of the patch is aligned with the apex of the roof/A post joint. Once installed the patch should be free from creases/bubbles. Apply a thin bead of sealant approx 30 - 50mm long between roof and A post flange. Smooth sealant into flange area
	Install the door joint patch ensuring the patch is aligned with the flange. Patch should be free from creases/bubbles. Apply a thin bead of sealant approx 20 - 40mm long across the windscreen casting and scuttle panel joint flange. Apply sealant to the scuttle panel to windscreen casting joint to ensure a water tight seal. Smooth sealant into flange area



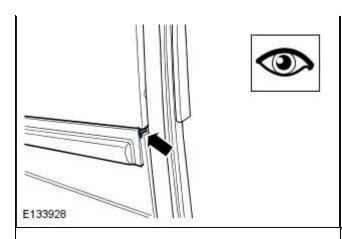
PINPOINT TEST N : WATER SHEDDER	
TEST CONDITIONS	DETAILS/RESULTS/ACTIONS
N1: WATER SHEDDER	
	<ul> <li>NOTE: Care Point – check that the drainage holes in the bottom of the door are not blocked with sealant/dirt or debris (if vehicle has been off road)</li> </ul>
	Visual check all around edge of shedder, looking for areas of poor adhesion of the butyl sealant between the shedder and the door panel. Due to the complexity of the convoluted tube joint (circled) this is an area for careful inspection, as it a typical leak path. Repairs can be made by rolling or pressing the butyl seal to improve adhesion of by additional sealant / dum-dum in the localized area



TEST CONDITIONS	DETAILS/RESULTS/ACTIONS
D1: DOOR LATCH/DOOR EDGE	
NOTE: Water leak path is visible down the edge	of the door and into the A post/footwell/sill area of the vehicle
	NOTE: Use of a mirror and torch will assist
	Remove the door casing. Remove the door shedder to gain access to the latch mechanism. Check along the top of the latch shedder for damage/poor adhesion (Fig 1)



TEST CONDITIONS	DETAILS/RESULTS/ACTIONS
P1: REAR TUB CAPPING	
<ul> <li>NOTE: Whilst it is not necessary to remove the door the repair seals any gaps up to and including the joint</li> </ul>	aperture seal to complete this repair, care must be taken to ensure seal
	Apply small bead of sealant or dum-dum into the capping to body side joint (as arrow indicates)



- Critical visual area = high quality of sealant finish required
- 3 Materials required: sealant, dum-dum
- Allow the sealant to cure, and retest suspect area for water entry

Is water still entering the vehicle?

#### Yes

Carry out a water leak test and visual inspection of any suspect or wet areas, once the water entry point has been determined refer to the "Water Ingress Paths And Recommended Repair Procedure" above

No

Reinstall any trim/panels or component that have been displaced

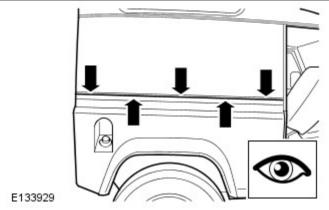
# PINPOINT TEST Q : UPPER TO LOWER BODY JOINT (WAIST SIDE) TEST CONDITIONS DETAILS/RESULTS/ACTIONS

## Q1: UPPER TO LOWER BODY JOINT (WAIST SIDE)

• NOTE: The seal between the upper and lower body (waist seal) is made from a type of memory foam, the latest seal is in three sections which lock together, the seal is stuck to the upper body side but is not stuck to the rear tub

• NOTE: A key area to inspect is the welded joint of the lower body capping. Sometimes the seal can be slightly inboard of the joint leaving a small cavity, by slackening off all the fixings of the body side it is possible with a plastic tool to push the seal back outwards closing the cavity. If it is a small cavity it is possible to seal the cavity with a small amount of sealant wiped into the cavity and any excess cleaned off, if the vehicle is a model that is trimmed inside then the cavity can also be sealed from the inside, a larger amount of sealant may be used if it will be hidden in normal usage by the interior trim

NOTE: Should the seal itself require replacement the upper body side can be removed without removing the roof panel
itself by removing the upper and lower fixings and slackening the front and rear fixings, the roof panel can then be
supported using a temporary support whilst the upper body side is removed to facilitate the seal change



Care must be taken to ensure that the seal between the roof an upper body side is not compromised, and the seal across the front between the windscreen surround and the roof is still correct after installation

- Materials required: sealant (clear or black), gloves, spirit wipe, cloth, tools, seals as required
- Allow the sealant to cure, and retest suspect area for water entry

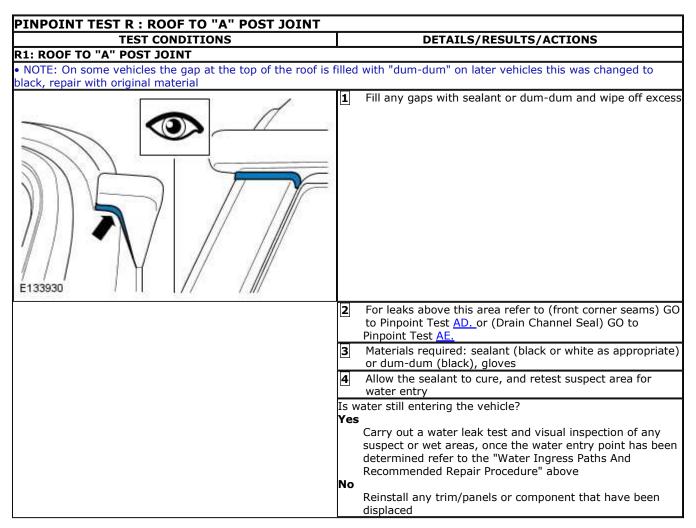
Is water still entering the vehicle?

Yes

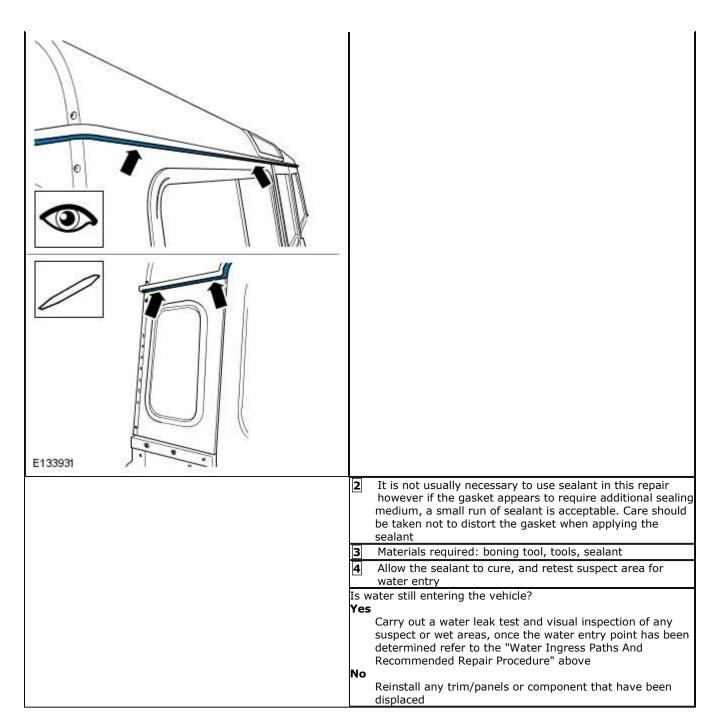
Carry out a water leak test and visual inspection of any suspect or wet areas, once the water entry point has been determined refer to the "Water Ingress Paths And Recommended Repair Procedure" above

No

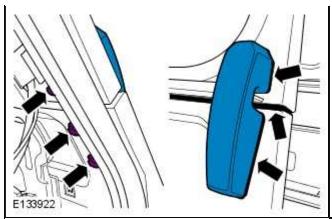
Reinstall any trim/panels or component that have been displaced



TEST CONDITIONS	DETAILS/RESULTS/ACTIONS
S1: ROOF TO UPPER BODY GASKET	
<ul> <li>NOTE: Visually inspect the roof area to ensure that the trapped conditions, as these are the probable cause of the</li> </ul>	e gasket is installed / seated correctly. Check for lumps / ripples on the water ingress
	Undo/slacken the fixing bolts on the inside of the roof (as required lower the headlining to access the fixings on some derivatives). Working outside of the vehicle, using a non metallic tool (boning tool) prize out the gasket to ensure correct fit. Re-tighten the roof



PINPOINT TEST T : WINDSCREEN HINGE	
TEST CONDITIONS	DETAILS/RESULTS/ACTIONS
T1: WINDSCREEN HINGE	
<ul> <li>NOTE: For pre-2009MY vehicles or if there was a significar along the scuttle panel to windscreen casting join prior to re</li> </ul>	nt leak around this area, it may be pertinent to apply sealant installing the hinge
<ul> <li>NOTE: Critical visual area = high quality of sealant fi</li> </ul>	nish required
	From inside the vehicle undo the 3 fixings that hold the windscreen hinge in place. Remove the hinge from the vehicle. Remove the existing gasket and any residue of adhesives or sealant. Re-fit the hinge gasket. Apply a small amount of sealant around each fixing hole



- 2 Materials required: sealant, windscreen hinge gasket
- Allow the sealant to cure, and retest suspect area for water entry

Is water still entering the vehicle?

#### Yes

Carry out a water leak test and visual inspection of any suspect or wet areas, once the water entry point has been determined refer to the "Water Ingress Paths And Recommended Repair Procedure" above

No

Reinstall any trim/panels or component that have been displaced

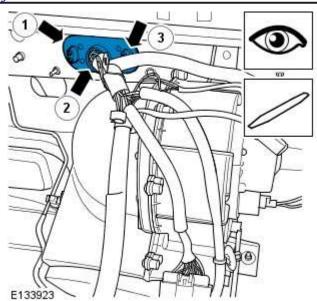
## PINPOINT TEST U : MAIN HARNESS GROMMET

#### **TEST CONDITIONS**

#### **DETAILS/RESULTS/ACTIONS**

## **U1: MAIN HARNESS GROMMET**

- NOTE: Visually inspect the grommet looking for areas of poor seating
- NOTE: Inspect the "U" channel to skuttle panel for distortion between spot welds allowing water to seep onto the grommet



Use a boning tool to re-seat the grommet. Additional sealant should be applied around the outer edges of the grommet and the body panel

- On occasions it maybe necessary to seal the main harness collar in addition to outer grommet. This will be evident during re-test
- 3 Materials required: sealant, boning tool
- Allow the sealant to cure, and retest suspect area for water entry

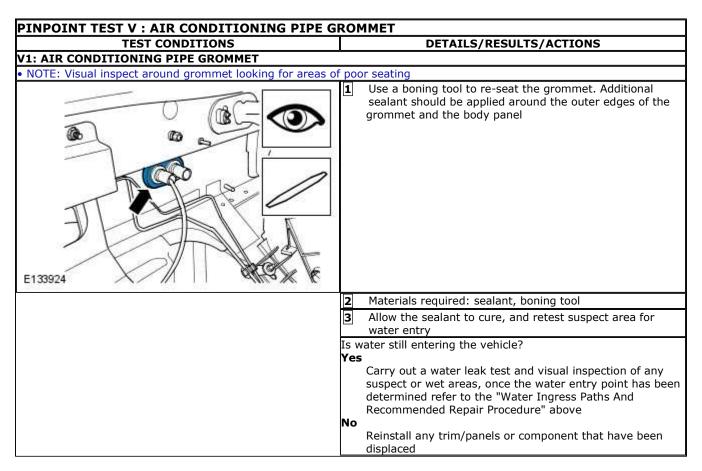
Is water still entering the vehicle?

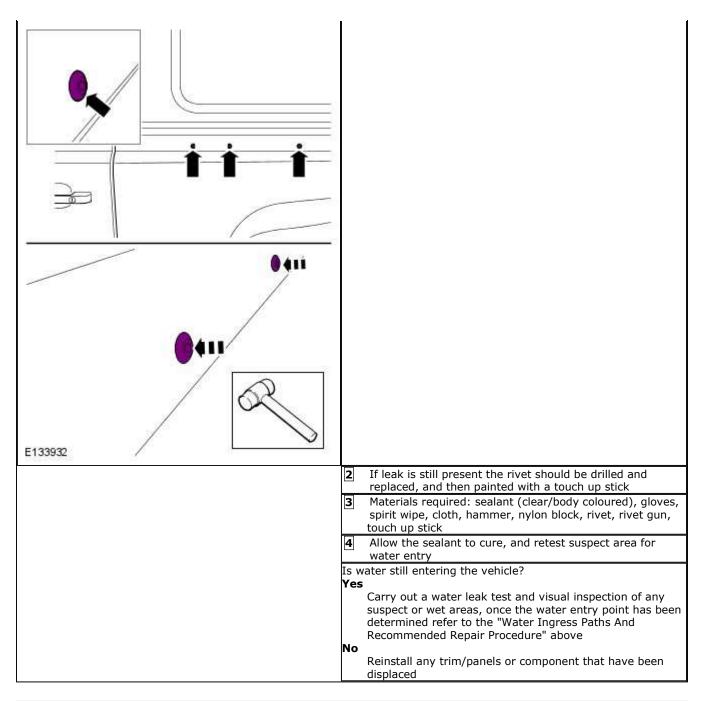
Yes

Carry out a water leak test and visual inspection of any suspect or wet areas, once the water entry point has been determined refer to the "Water Ingress Paths And Recommended Repair Procedure" above

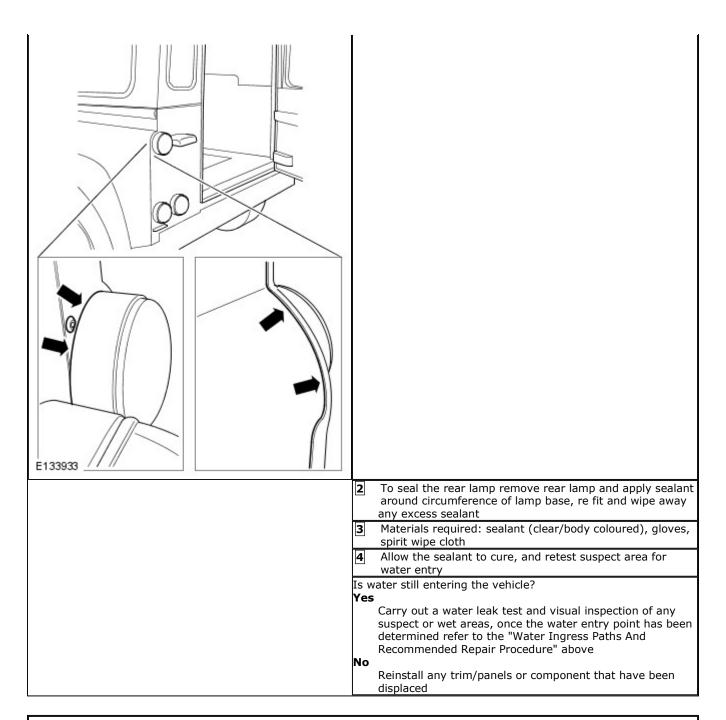
No

Reinstall any trim/panels or component that have been displaced

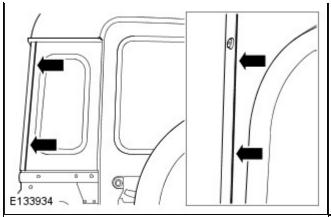




PINPOINT TEST X : TAIL LIGHTS/REAR END CAPPING	
TEST CONDITIONS	DETAILS/RESULTS/ACTIONS
X1: TAIL LIGHTS/REAR END CAPPING	
	To seal the rear seam, squeeze sealant into the seam then smooth into the gap, wipe sealant into the joint then clean away an excess sealant with a spirit dampened cloth



PINPOINT TEST Y : CORNERS OF UPPER BODY QUARTER PANELS	
TEST CONDITIONS	DETAILS/RESULTS/ACTIONS
Y1: CORNERS OF UPPER BODY QUARTER PANELS	
12. CONNERS OF OFFER BODT QUARTER PAREES	Squeeze sealant into seam then smooth into gap, wipe away an excess sealant



- Materials required: sealant (clear/body coloured), gloves, spirit wipe, cloth
- Allow the sealant to cure, and retest suspect area for water entry

Is water still entering the vehicle?

Yes

Carry out a water leak test and visual inspection of any suspect or wet areas, once the water entry point has been determined refer to the "Water Ingress Paths And Recommended Repair Procedure" above

No

Reinstall any trim/panels or component that have been displaced

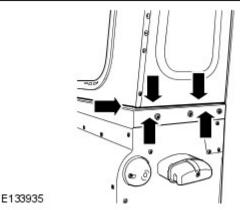
## PINPOINT TEST Z : UPPER TO LOWER BODY JOINT (WAIST REAR)

## **TEST CONDITIONS**

## **DETAILS/RESULTS/ACTIONS**

## **Z1: UPPER TO LOWER BODY JOINT (WAIST REAR)**

- NOTE: The seal between the upper and lower body (waist seal) is made from a type of memory foam, the latest seal is in three sections which lock together, the seal is stuck to the upper body side but is not stuck to the rear tub
- NOTE: Sometimes the seal can be slightly inboard of the joint leaving a small cavity, by slackening off all the fixings of the body side it is possible with a plastic tool to push the seal back outwards closing the cavity. If it is a small cavity it is possible to seal the cavity with a small amount of sealant wiped into the cavity and any excess cleaned off, if the vehicle is a model that is trimmed inside then the cavity can also be sealed from the inside, a larger amount of sealant may be used if it will be hidden in normal usage by the interior trim
- · NOTE: Should the seal itself require replacement the upper body side can be removed without removing the roof panel itself by removing the upper and lower fixings and slackening the front and rear fixings, the roof panel can then be supported using a temporary support whilst the upper body side is removed to facilitate the seal change



Care must be taken to ensure that the seal between the roof an upper body side is not compromised, and the seal across the front between the windscreen surround and the roof is still correctly located

- Materials required: sealant (clear or black), gloves, spirit wipe cloth, tools for removal as required, seals as required
- Allow the sealant to cure, and retest suspect area for water entry

Is water still entering the vehicle?

Yes

Carry out a water leak test and visual inspection of any suspect or wet areas, once the water entry point has been determined refer to the "Water Ingress Paths And Recommended Repair Procedure" above

No

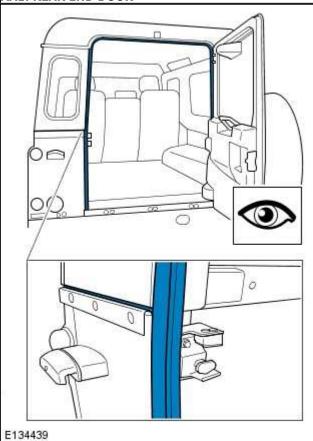
Reinstall any trim/panels or component that have been displaced

#### PINPOINT TEST AA : REAR END DOOR

#### **TEST CONDITIONS**

#### **DETAILS/RESULTS/ACTIONS**

## AA1: REAR END DOOR



 NOTE: Due to the location of the spare wheel, the rear end door may become miss-aligned to the body due to fixing torque relaxation. Check/set the torque of the fixing to 22 newton metres (plus or minus 3 newton metres)

Check the profile and set/alignment of rear end door, adjust as required

- Check the aperture seal bubble section for splits due to door misalignment
- Check condition, location and security of aperture seal replace as required
- At the waist join, check for patches and sealant quality (See waist seal instructions above)
- Materials required: Aperture seal (replace as required), sealant (clear/body coloured), gloves, spirit wipe cloth, touch up stick
- Allow the sealant to cure, and retest suspect area for water entry

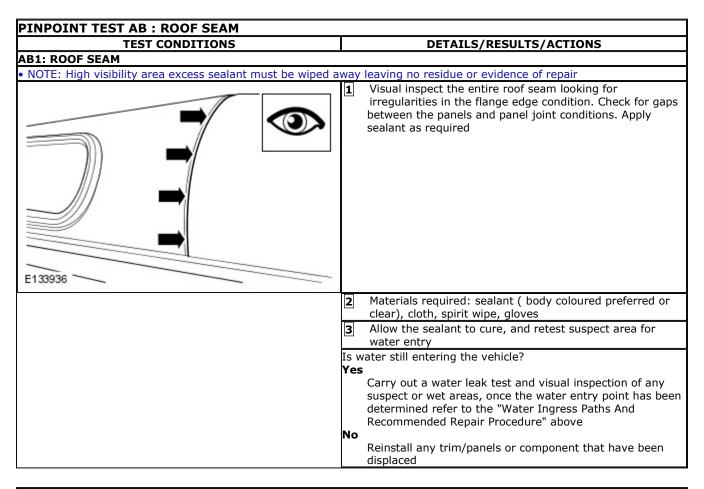
Is water still entering the vehicle?

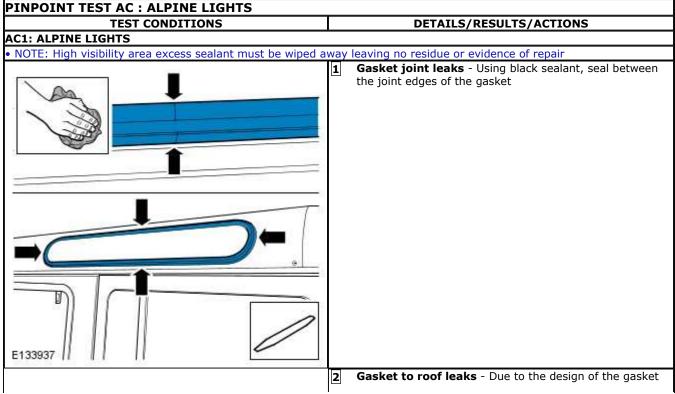
Yes

Carry out a water leak test and visual inspection of any suspect or wet areas, once the water entry point has been determined refer to the "Water Ingress Paths And Recommended Repair Procedure" above

No

Reinstall any trim/panels or component that have been displaced





seal this is a very rare leak path. The leak is probably caused by deformation to the gasket which should be evident by visual check. The gasket should be re-seated and re-tested prior to completing this repair. Using the boning tool carefully lift the outer edge of the gasket seal. Working around the alpine light, lift and apply sealant between the gasket and the roof panel. Care <b>must</b> be taken to ensure that the roof is not damaged or scratched whilst sealing the alpine light
For leaks through the centre (lace section) apply sealant between the joint and wipe away an excess sealant
Materials required: sealant (clear/black), boning tool, cloths, spirit wipe, gloves
Allow the sealant to cure, and retest suspect area for water entry
Is water still entering the vehicle? <b>Yes</b>
Carry out a water leak test and visual inspection of any suspect or wet areas, once the water entry point has been determined refer to the "Water Ingress Paths And Recommended Repair Procedure" above
No  Reinstall any trim/panels or component that have been displaced

PINPOINT TEST AD : FRONT CORNER SEAMS	
TEST CONDITIONS	DETAILS/RESULTS/ACTIONS
AD1: FRONT CORNER SEAMS	
<ul> <li>NOTE: Arrow indicates the usual area for front roof cracks</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>NOTE: Care point – it may be necessary to touch up the p</li> </ul>	
E133938	Apply sealant into the cracked area then remove excess sealant
	Materials required: sealant (clear/body coloured) cloth, spirit wipe, gloves, paint
	Allow the sealant to cure, and retest suspect area for water entry
	Is water still entering the vehicle?  Yes  Carry out a water leak test and visual inspection of any suspect or wet areas, once the water entry point has been determined refer to the "Water Ingress Paths And Recommended Repair Procedure" above  No  Reinstall any trim/panels or component that have been displaced

PINPOINT TEST AE : DRAIN CHANNEL SEAL	
TEST CONDITIONS	DETAILS/RESULTS/ACTIONS
AE1: DRAIN CHANNEL SEAL	
<ul> <li>NOTE: Before any repairs take place ensure that the issue rack</li> </ul>	is not caused by an incorrectly installed or non approved roof

